Case 1 – A 59-year-old woman was seen for a 4cm salivary gland tumor.

Case 2 – A 14-year-old male patient was seen for a soft tissue tumor in his left upper arm.

Case 3 – A 76-year-old woman was seen for abnormal uterine bleeding. A 7 cm. polypoid mass was resected.

Case 4 – A 42-year-old female was seen for abnormal vaginal bleeding. A hysterectomy was done for a large friable mass involving the uterine cavity extending to the endocervical canal.

Case 5 – A 40-year-old female with history of CLL was seen for enlarged axillary lymph nodes. An axillary lymph node was removed.

Case 6 – A 45-year old woman presented with a thyroid nodule.

Case 7 – A 48-year-old man underwent a cholecystectomy for symptoms of chronic cholecystitis.

Case 8 – This 49-year-old woman was seen for anemia and hematemesis. An upper GI endoscopy revealed an ulcerated mass in the gastric body and markedly thickened gastric folds extending from the gastroesophageal junction to the antrum.

Case 9 – A 50-year-old woman with a history of paresthesia showed on MRI abnormal areas of glial tissue which progressed during the course of admission into brain infarcts. The patient deteriorated due to respiratory complications and died.

Case 10 – A 27-year-old woman was seen for abdominal pain and a 5cm. partially cystic mass in the liver.

Case 11 – A 53-year old man with a history of lung adenocarcinoma was seen for multiple pleural nodules.

Case 12– A 57-year old Swedish man was seen for a pedunculated papillomatous tumor on the left side of the hypopharynx.

Case 13 – A 44-year-old woman was seen for a breast tumor.

Case 14a & 14b – A 68 year old man was initially seen in 2008 for bilateral popliteal aneurysms that were resected (slide B). Six years later, multiple lytic bone lesions were found in the talus, metatarsals, tibia, patella and femur (slide A).

Case 15 – A 26 year old woman with a history of familial adenomatous polyposis was found to have a 3.2 cm. left adrenal mass.